

## **Networked and Multi-Agent Systems**

Course Workload		
ECTS	Hours	Assessment form (examination/ graded test/ ungraded test)
3	108	Test

The discipline focuses on methods for studying the dynamics of networked and multi-agent systems, studying the foundations of graph theory and the properties of Laplace matrices.

Course structure:

## 1. Artificial neural networks

- 1.1. Neuron model
- 1.2. Forward propagation
- 1.3. Back propagation
- 1.4. History of artificial neural networks
- 1.5. Convolutional and recurrent neural networks
- 2. Graphs and networks
- 2.1. Basics from graph theory
- 2.2. Laplace matrix
- 2.3. Agaev-Chebotarev theorem
- 3. Passification and hyper-minimum-phase systems
- 3.1. Passivity
- 3.2. Hyper-minimum-phase system
- 3.3. Passification theorem
- 4. Synchronization in networks of linear agents

4.1. Statement of the synchronization problem for networks of linear agents

- 4.2. Conditions for ensuring synchronization in the case of a balanced graph
- 5. Synchronization in networks of nonlinear agents

- 5.1. Semipassivity
- 5.2. Synchronization of diffusively coupled oscillators
- 5.3. Convergence
- 5.4. Synchronization in networks of Hindmarsh-Rose systems
- 6. Synchronization in heterogeneous networks

6.1. Network representation in matrix form

6.2. Coordinate transformation to the form "mean-field dynamics -

synchronization errors"

- 6.3. Mean-field and emergent dynamics
- 6.4. Dynamics of synchronization error system
- 6.5. Theorem about synchronization in heterogeneous networks

6.6. Synchronization in a heterogeneous network of FitzHugh-Nagumo systems

7. Synchronization in networks of linear agents with nonlinear couplings

- 7.1. Applying a circle criterion to synchronization analysis
- 7.2. Synchronization in a network of neural mass model populations

## 8. Network dynamics modeling

8.1. Modeling network dynamics of Hindmarsh-Rose systems

8.2. Modeling dynamics of coupled Lorentz and Lu oscillators