

Computational Methods in Physics

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Hours	Assessment form (examination/ graded test/ ungraded test)
216	Exam
	orkload Hours 216

Computer simulations have become a vital part of modern physics saving time and resources and giving researchers a competitive edge. Since there are so many numerical methods and approaches to computations in physics, we select a few fundamental approaches. We pay special attention to common associated difficulties and pitfalls and cover them by self-test sections for each task in the assignment. Once you complete the assignment you will have enough experience to implement other methods not covered in the course, such as RCWA, DDA, MoM, FIT, FVM, PIC. You will also have more insight when running a simulation using some available software. In research, it is vitally important to understand the underlying machinery of the numerical methods utilized. This course will help you to avoid wrong simulation results and time wasted struggling with unnecessary difficulties that would not have arisen if a more appropriate numerical method had been selected. For example, one typical error is to use a time-domain method to investigate a model with a high Q-factor, whereas in general, it is preferable to start with a frequency domain or eigenmode solver. After completing the course, you will have the experience to select the best tools to accelerate your research.

Course structure:

1. Solving PDE using finite differences

1.1. Jacobi iterations for Poisson's equation1.2. Poisson's equation with 5-point stencil1.3. Implicit, explicit, and Crank-Nicolson schemes for heat equation

- 1.4. Wave equation
- 2. FDTD (part 1)

2.1. Travelling wave in ideal cavity
2.2. Simple absorbing boundary
condition (ABC)
2.3. Mur ABC
2.4. Convolution perfectly matched
layer (CPML) as a boundary
condition
2.5. Solving Fresnel equation with
FDTD
2.6. Reflection from the dielectric
slab

3. FDFD (part 2)

3.1. Evaluation of ideal cavity modes using FDFD3.2. Evaluation of 1D photonic crystal band gap diagram4. FEM

4.1. Solving 1D Poisson's equation using FEM with quadratic elements4.2. Scattering on PEC infinite cylinder